

MATEMATIKA

✓
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Šk. GOD. 2025./2026.

LETO

1. A.) $5-7=-2 \notin \mathbb{N}$
 B.) $\frac{5}{7} \notin \mathbb{Z}$
 C.)
 D.) $\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{8} = \sqrt{16} = 4 \notin \mathbb{1}$

\Rightarrow **C**

2. $z = \frac{a+2i}{1+i} = \frac{a+2i}{1+i} \cdot \frac{1-i}{1-i} = \frac{a+2i-ai-2i^2}{1+1} =$
 $= \frac{a+2}{2} + \frac{2-a}{2} \cdot i$

$\text{Im } z = 0 \Rightarrow$ **a=2**

D

3. $\frac{x^2-2x+1}{2x^3-2x} = \frac{(x-1)^2}{2x(x^2-1)} = \frac{(x-1)^2}{2x(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{x-1}{2x(x+1)}$

C

4. $\frac{1 \cdot 90 + x \cdot 0}{1+x} = 50$

$90 = 50(1+x)$

$90 = 50 + 50x$

$50x = 40 \Rightarrow x = \frac{4}{5} = 0.8$

D

5. $3x^2 + 2ax - 5a = 0$

$x_1 x_2 = 20$

$-\frac{5a}{3} = 20$

$-5a = 60 \quad | : (-5)$

a = -12

B

6. $\log_5 12.5 = n - \log_5 10$

$n = \log_5 12.5 + \log_5 10 = \log_5 125 = \log_5 5^3 = 3$

$5^{2-n} = 5^{2-3} = 5^{-1} = \frac{1}{5}$

B

7. Sa silee se oăitara

a = -1/2, b = -1

A

8. $f(x) = 0.5(x+1)^2 - 2$
 $\Rightarrow a > 0, T(-1, -2)$

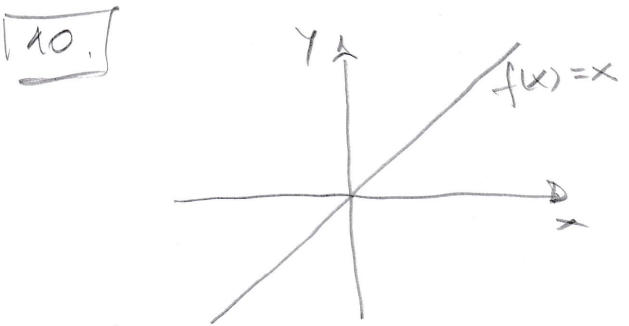
\Rightarrow A

9. $f(x) = 5^x - 1$
 $x = 5^y - 1$
 $5^y = x + 1$

$y = f^{-1}(x) = \log_5(x+1)$

$D_{f^{-1}} = \langle -1, +\infty \rangle, -1 \notin D_{f^{-1}}$

A



B

11. $a_5 = 7, a_{11} = 115, a_8 = ?$

$a_8 = \frac{a_5 + a_{11}}{2} = \frac{7 + 115}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{a_8 = 61}$

B

12. $S(t) = 1.15t^2 + t$

$v(t) = S'(t)$

$S'(t) = 2 \cdot 1.15t + 1$

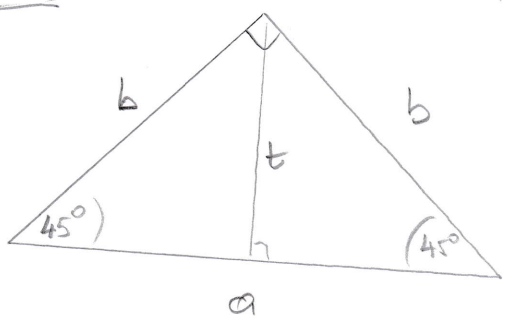
$v(t) = 2.3 \cdot t + 1$

$v(6) = 2.3 \cdot 6 + 1 \Rightarrow v(6) = 14.8$

D

13.

$t = 4\sqrt{2}, t = \frac{a}{2} \Rightarrow a = 8\sqrt{2}, b = t\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow b = 8$



$P = \frac{1}{2} b^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 8^2$

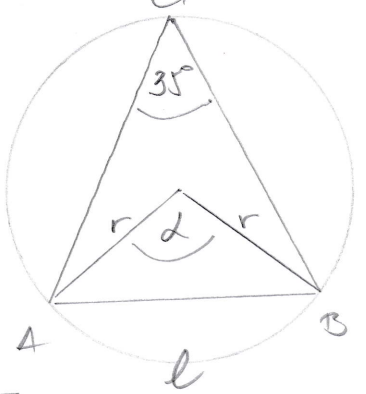
$\Rightarrow \boxed{P = 32}$

C

14. $k = 0.5$, $P_2 = k^2 \cdot P_1 = 0.5^2 \cdot P_1 = 0.25 P_1$

$\Rightarrow P_1 = 4 \cdot P_2$ D

15. $r = 9$, $\beta = 35^\circ$

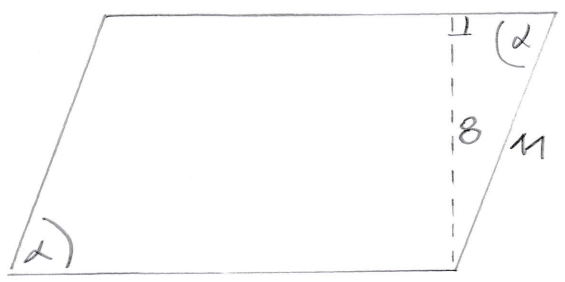


$\alpha = 2 \cdot 35^\circ \Rightarrow \alpha = 70^\circ$

$l = \frac{r \pi \alpha}{180^\circ} = \frac{9 \cdot \pi \cdot 70^\circ}{180^\circ}$

$\Rightarrow l = 3.5 \pi$ D

16.



$\sin \alpha = \frac{8}{11}$

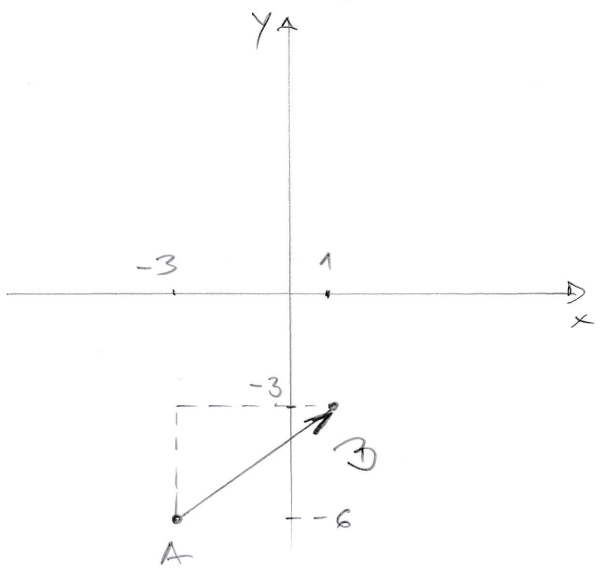
$\Rightarrow \alpha = 46^\circ 39' 30''$

C

17. dužina \overline{BP}

B

18. $\vec{AB} = 4\vec{i} + 3\vec{j}$, $B(1, -3)$, $A(x, y)$



$\vec{AB} = (1-x)\vec{i} + (-3-y)\vec{j}$
 $= 4\vec{i} + 3\vec{j}$

$\Rightarrow 1-x=4 \Rightarrow x=-3$

$-3-y=3 \Rightarrow y=-6$

$\Rightarrow A(-3, -6)$

A

19. $k_1 = 1$, $k_2 = -1$

$\Rightarrow \varphi = 90^\circ$

D

$$\boxed{20.} \quad a < b < c < d < e$$

$$e - a = 10 \Rightarrow e = a + 10$$

$$c = 15$$

$$e - c \geq 2 \Rightarrow e \geq 17 \Rightarrow a + 10 \geq 17 \Rightarrow a \geq 7$$

$$\boxed{c}$$

$$\boxed{21.} \quad z = -5i$$

$$r = 5, \varphi = \frac{3\pi}{2} \Rightarrow z = 5 \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{2} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$\boxed{22.} \quad \frac{16^{3x+2}}{8^{4x+2}} = \frac{(2^4)^{3x+2}}{(2^3)^{4x+2}} = \frac{2^{12x+8}}{2^{12x+6}} = 2^2 = \boxed{4}$$

$$\boxed{23.} \quad \left(-\sqrt[3]{a^2} \right)^6 = \left(-a^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^6 = \boxed{a^4}$$

$$\boxed{24.} \quad N(t) = 13 \cdot 2^{t+k}$$

$$N(0) = 13 \cdot 2^k$$

$$N(5) = 13 \cdot 2^{5+k} = 1664 \quad | : 13$$

$$2^{5+k} = 128 \quad | : 2^5$$

$$2^k = 4 \Rightarrow k = 2$$

$$N(0) = 13 \cdot 2^2 \Rightarrow N(0) = \boxed{52}$$

$$\boxed{25.} \quad a_n = 60 - 4n, \quad S_n = 0$$

$$a_1 = 60 - 4 \cdot 1 = 56$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a_1 + a_n]$$

$$\frac{n}{2} [56 + 60 - 4n] = 0, \quad n \neq 0$$

$$116 - 4n = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{n = 29}$$

$$\boxed{26.} \quad a_1 = 3q$$

$$a_2 + a_3 = a_1^2$$

$$a_1 q + a_1 q^2 = a_1^2 \quad | : a_1$$

$$q + q^2 = a_1$$

$$q + q^2 = 3q$$

$$q^2 - 2q = 0$$

$$q(q - 2) = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{q = 2}$$

$$(q \neq 0)$$

[27.] npr. $a_n = \frac{1}{n}$, $a_n = \frac{1}{n^2}$ itd.

[28.] $f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}$

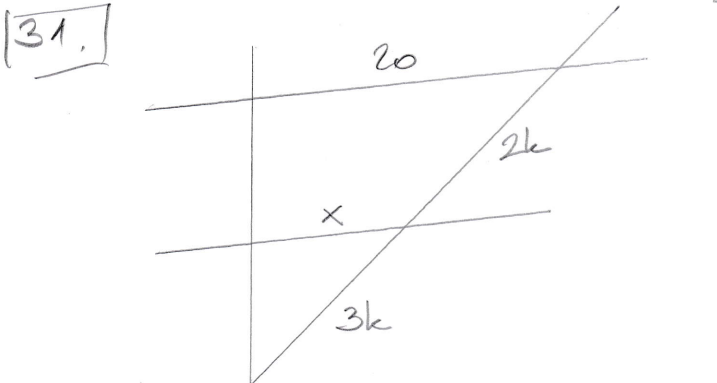
$f'(x) = \frac{\cos x \cdot x - \sin x \cdot 1}{x^2} = \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2}$

[29.] Funkcija pada na intervalu na kojem je prva derivacija < 0 , dakle $\langle -\infty, -2 \rangle$.

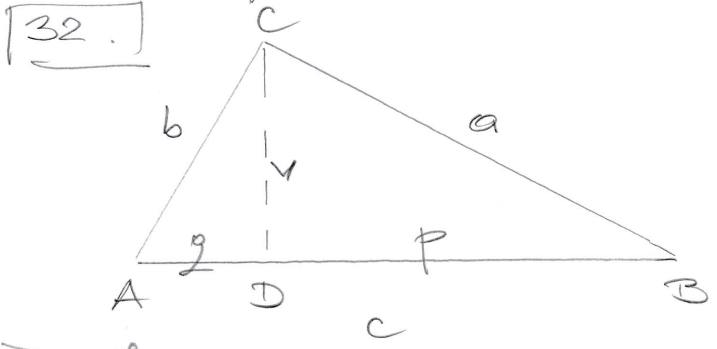
[30.] $P = 84$, $r = 3$

$P = r \cdot s$
 $84 = 3 \cdot s \Rightarrow s = 28$

$\sigma = 2s$
 $\sigma = 56$



$x : 20 = (3k) : (5k) = 3 : 5$
 $5x = 60$
 $x = 12$



$g = 5$
 $p = 20$
 $c = p + g \Rightarrow c = 25$
 $b^2 = g \cdot c \Rightarrow b = \sqrt{5 \cdot 25}$
 $\Rightarrow b = 5\sqrt{5}$

[33.] $r = 5$, $S(0, 2)$, $T(3, 6)$

$(x - p)^2 + (y - q)^2 = r^2$
 $x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 25$
 $3^2 + (6 - q)^2 = 25$
 $(6 - q)^2 = 16 \quad | \sqrt{\quad}$

$6 - q = \pm 4$
 $q = 6 \pm 4$
 $q_1 = 10$
 $q_2 = 2$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + (y - 10)^2 = 25 \\ \text{ili} \\ x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 25 \end{cases}$

$$\boxed{34.} \quad \binom{12}{3} \cdot \binom{8}{2} = \frac{12!}{3!9!} \cdot \frac{8!}{2!6!} = \frac{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10}{6} \cdot \frac{8 \cdot 7}{2} = \boxed{6160} \quad (6.)$$

$$\boxed{35.1.} \quad 88\% \text{ of } x = 220$$

$$\frac{88}{100} \cdot x = 220 \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 250}$$

$$\boxed{35.2.} \quad 12p + 3s = 306$$

$$p + s = 42$$

$$s = 42 - p$$

$$12p + 3(42 - p) = 306$$

$$12p + 126 - 3p = 306$$

$$9p = 180 \Rightarrow \boxed{p = 20}$$

$$\boxed{36.1.} \quad f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x$$

$$f(1) = 2 \cdot 1^2 + 4 \cdot 1 = 6 \Rightarrow T(1, 6)$$

$$f'(x) = 4x + 4, \quad f'(1) = 8 = k$$

$$y - 6 = 8(x - 1)$$

$$y - 6 = 8x - 8 \Rightarrow \boxed{y = 8x - 2}$$

$$\boxed{36.2.} \quad g(x) = f(x) + p$$

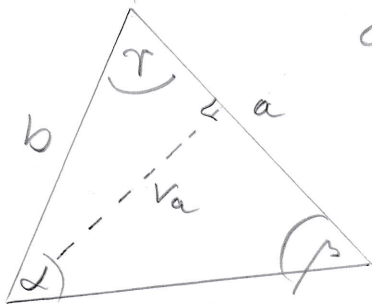
$$g(x) = 2x^2 + 4x + p, \quad D = 0$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 0$$

$$4^2 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot p = 0$$

$$16 - 8p = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{p = 2}$$

$$\boxed{37.1.}$$



$$a = 13, b = 17, \gamma = 115^\circ$$

$$\sin \gamma = \frac{v_a}{b} \Rightarrow v_a = 17 \sin 115^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v_a = 15.41}$$

$$\boxed{37.2.}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma$$

$$c = \sqrt{13^2 + 17^2 - 2 \cdot 13 \cdot 17 \cdot \cos 115^\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{c = 25.39}$$

38.1.

$$A^{12} + (2-A^3)(2+A^3)(4+A^6) =$$

$$= A^{12} + (4-A^6)(4+A^6) = A^{12} + 16 - A^{12} = 16$$

38.2.

$$B^{12} - 625 < 0$$

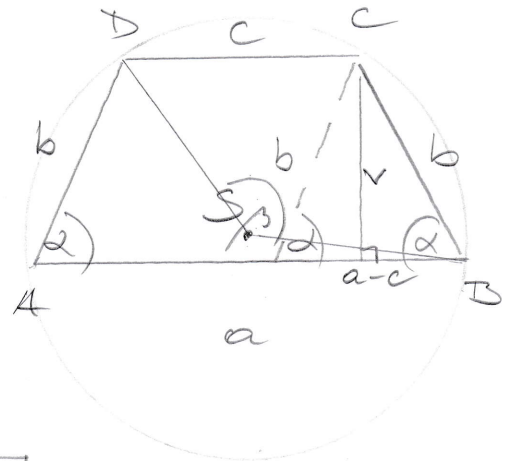
$$B^3 = x$$

$$x^4 - 625 < 0$$

$$(x^2 - 25)(x^2 + 25) < 0 \quad /: x^2 + 25$$

$$(x - 5)(x + 5) < 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{x \in (-5, 5)}$$

39.1.



$$a = 8, b = 6.32, \alpha = 71^\circ 34'$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{a-c}{b}$$

$$a-c = 2b \cos \alpha$$

$$c = a - 2b \cos \alpha$$

$$\boxed{c = 4}$$

39.2.

BD je tetiva te kružnice, β je središnji, a α obodni kut

$$\Rightarrow \beta = 2\alpha \Rightarrow \boxed{\beta = 143^\circ 08'}$$

40.

$$\frac{(n+2)! - (n+1)!}{(n-1)!} = \frac{(n+1)! (n+2-1)}{(n-1)!} = \frac{(n-1)! \cdot (n+1) \cdot n \cdot (n+1)}{(n-1)!}$$

= $n(n+1)^2$ a jedan od brojeva n i $n+1$ mora biti paran

41.

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4kx + 5k^2 - 6k, \quad x_1 - x_2 = 6$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{b}{a} = 4k$$

$$x_1 x_2 = 4k^2 - 9 = 5k^2 - 6k$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - x_2 = 6 \\ x_1 + x_2 = 4k \end{cases} \quad | +$$

$$k^2 - 6k + 9 = 0$$

$$(k-3)^2 = 0$$

$$\boxed{k = 3}$$

$$2x_1 = 6 + 4k$$

$$x_1 = 2k + 3$$

$$x_2 = x_1 - 6$$

$$x_2 = 2k - 3$$

42. $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x+a}}{4b-3x}$, $D_f = [-5, +\infty) \setminus \{2\}$

$2x+a \geq 0$

$2x \geq -a$

$x \geq -\frac{a}{2}$

$-\frac{a}{2} = -5 \Rightarrow \boxed{a=10}$

$4b-3x \neq 0$

$3x \neq 4b$

$x \neq \frac{4b}{3} = 2$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{b = \frac{3}{2}}$

43. Sa se scrie se oăitara $D = -2$, $T = 8$

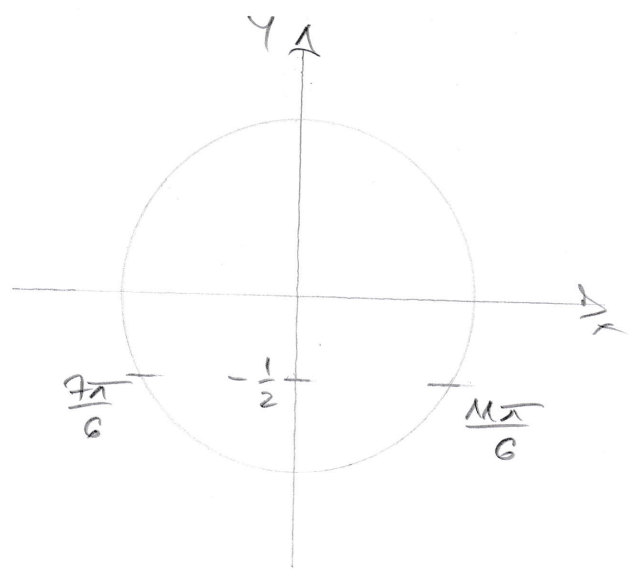
$T = \frac{2\pi}{B} = 8 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{B = \frac{\pi}{4}}}$

$\Rightarrow f(x) = -4\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - 2$

$-4\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - 2 = 0$

$-4\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) = 2$

$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$



$\frac{\pi x}{4} = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad | \cdot \frac{4}{\pi}$

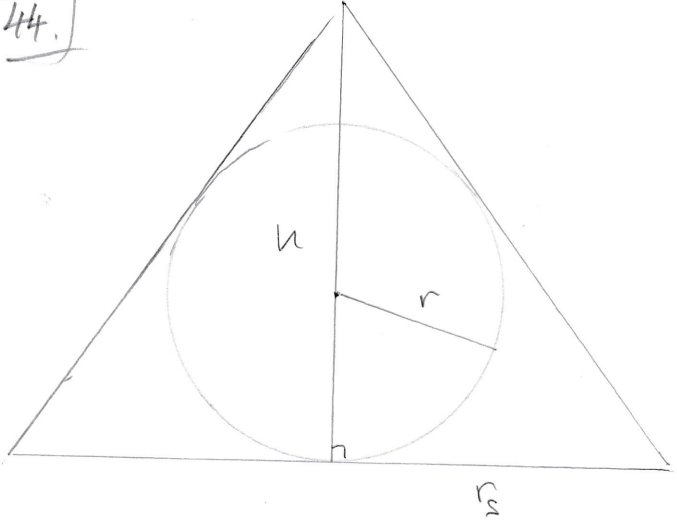
$x = \frac{14}{3} + 8k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$

$\frac{\pi x}{4} = \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad | \cdot \frac{4}{\pi}$

$x = \frac{22}{3} + 8k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$

44.

9.



$$r_s = 5, h = 12 \Rightarrow A_s = 13$$

$$P_T = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2r_s \cdot h = 60$$

$$P = r_k S$$

$$60 = r_k \cdot \frac{2 \cdot A_s + 2r_s}{2}$$

$$120 = r_k \cdot (2 \cdot 13 + 2 \cdot 5)$$

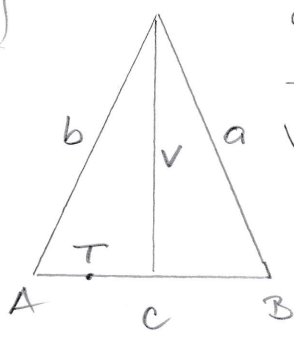
$$120 = r_k \cdot 36 \Rightarrow r_k = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$V_s = \frac{1}{3} B \cdot h = \frac{1}{3} r_s^2 \pi \cdot h = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 5^2 \cdot \pi \cdot 12 \Rightarrow V_s = 100\pi$$

$$V_k = \frac{4}{3} r_k^3 \pi = \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^3 \pi = \frac{4000}{81} \pi$$

$$\phi = \frac{V_k}{V_s} \Rightarrow \phi = \frac{40}{81}$$

45.



$$\begin{aligned} a \dots x+3y &= 0 \\ b \dots 3x+y &= 0 \\ v \dots \frac{x+3y}{\sqrt{1+9}} + \frac{3x+y}{\sqrt{9+1}} &= 0 \\ 4x+4y &= 0 \\ v \dots x+y &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$k_v = -1 \Rightarrow k_c = 1$$

$$y+5 = 1(x+3) \Rightarrow c \dots x-y-8=0$$

$x+3y=0$	$x+3y=0$	$3x+y=0$
$3x+y=0$	$x-y-8=0$	$x-y-8=0$
$y = -3x$	$4y+8=0$	$4x-8=0$
$x-9x=0$	$y = 2$	$x = 2$
$x = 0$	$x = 6$	$y = -6$
$y = 0$		
$C(0,0)$	$B(6,-2)$	$A(2,-6)$
x_3, y_3	x_2, y_2	x_1, y_1

$$\begin{aligned} B &= \frac{1}{2} |x_1(y_2 - y_3) + x_2(y_3 - y_1) + x_3(y_1 - y_2)| \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |2(-2 - 0) + 6(0 + 6) + 0(-6 + 2)| \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |-4 + 36| \Rightarrow B = 16 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = Bh = 16 \cdot 8 \Rightarrow V = 128$$

~~MATEMATIKA~~

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↓
DJELO

1. $\sqrt{-7} = i\sqrt{7} \notin \mathbb{R}$ [B]

2. [D] (3.2)

3. $2 - 3(a+2) + 6a : 4 + 2 : 0.5 =$
 $= 2 - 3a - 6 + \frac{3}{2}a + 4 = -\frac{3}{2}a = [-1.5a]$ [A]

4. $a\sqrt{a^3} = a \cdot a^{\frac{3}{2}} = [a^{\frac{5}{2}}]$ [C]

5. vidi A.3.

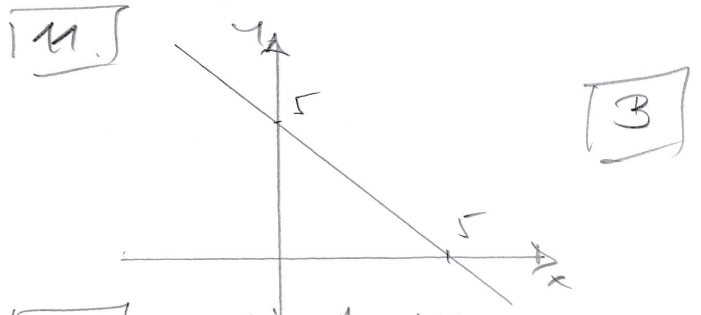
6. $2b + 1.50 = 19$
 $b + 0 = 12 \quad | \cdot (-2)$
 $2b + 1.50 = 19$
 $-2b - 20 = -24 \quad \} +$
 $-0.50 = -5$
 $\Rightarrow [0 = 10]$ [D]

7. vidi A.4.

8. $(x-x_1)(x-x_2) = (x+6)(x-7)$
 $(2x+12)(x-7) = 0$ [C]
 $2(x+6)(x-7) = 0$

9. $x^2 - 8x = p$
 $x^2 - 8x - p = 0$
 $D = 0$
 $b^2 - 4ac = 64 + 4p = 0 \Rightarrow [p = -16]$ [A]

10. $\log_b a = 2 \Rightarrow b^2 = a \Rightarrow [b = \sqrt{a}]$ [D]

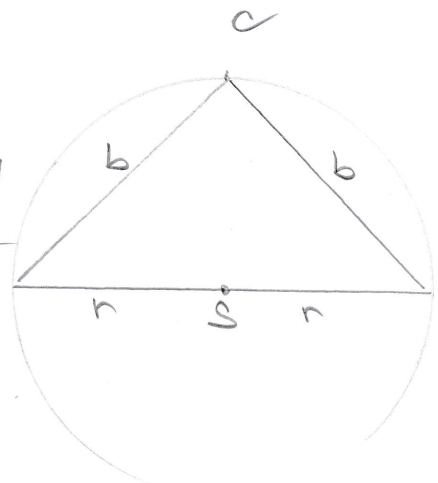


12. vidi A.11.

13. vidi A.14.

14. $2r = 8 \Rightarrow r = 4$ [C]
 $2r = b\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow b = \frac{2 \cdot 4}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}}$

$P = \frac{1}{2} b^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{8}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 \Rightarrow [P = 16]$



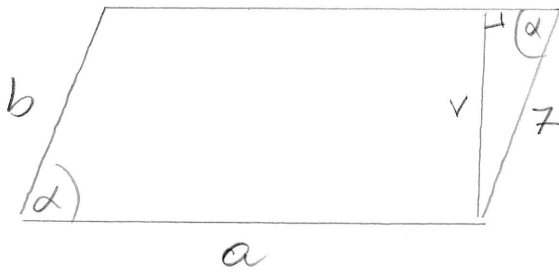
15. vidli A 18.

16. $T(z, y), 2x - y - 8 = 0$

$$2 \cdot 2 - y - 8 = 0 \Rightarrow y = -4$$

B

17.



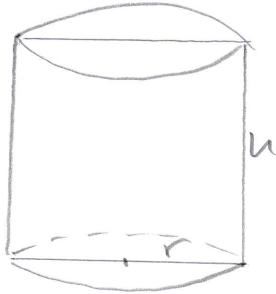
$$\alpha = 42^\circ 12'$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{v}{7} \Rightarrow v = 7 \sin 42^\circ 12'$$

$$\Rightarrow v = 4.7$$

B

18.



$$2r = 8 \Rightarrow r = 4$$

$$h = 8$$

$$S = 2B + P$$

$$S = 2r^2\pi + 2r\pi h$$

$$S = 2 \cdot 4^2\pi + 2 \cdot 4 \cdot \pi \cdot 8$$

$$S = 96\pi$$

D

19.

2, 4, 5, 6, 6, 9

 \Rightarrow možemo dopisati 3

A

20.

$$\frac{3}{8} \text{ medijan}$$

B

21.

$$48 = 2 \cdot 24$$

$$= 2^2 \cdot 12$$

$$= 2^3 \cdot 6$$

$$= 2^4 \cdot 3$$

$$128 = 2 \cdot 64$$

$$= 2^2 \cdot 32$$

$$= 2^3 \cdot 16$$

$$= 2^4 \cdot 8$$

$$= 2^5 \cdot 4$$

$$= 2^6 \cdot 2$$

$$= 2^7$$

$$\Rightarrow V(48, 128) = 2^7 \cdot 3$$

$$V(48, 128) = 384$$

22.

vidli A 22.

23.

$$x \cdot ab = 2 \cdot 3a \cdot \frac{b}{2}$$

$$x \cdot ab = 3ab \Rightarrow x = 3$$

24.

$$0 : 4 : 8 = 3 : 5 : 7 \Rightarrow 0 = 3k, 4 = 5k, 8 = 7k$$

$$3k = 45 \Rightarrow k = 15, 8 = 7k \Rightarrow 8 = 105$$

25.

$$\frac{x+1}{4} - \frac{3x-2}{20} = 1 \quad | \cdot 20$$

$$5(x+1) - (3x-2) = 20$$

$$5x+5 - 3x+2 = 20$$

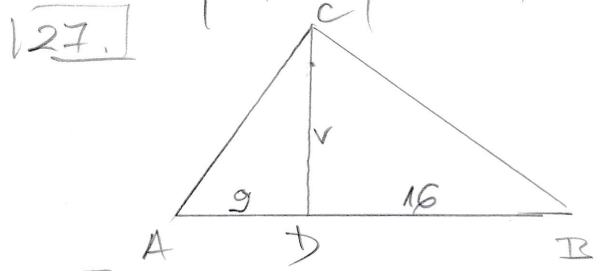
$$2x = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{13}{2}$$

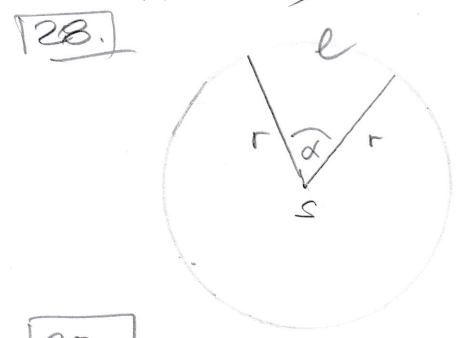
26. $xy = 7544$
 $x - y = 10$

 $x = y + 10$

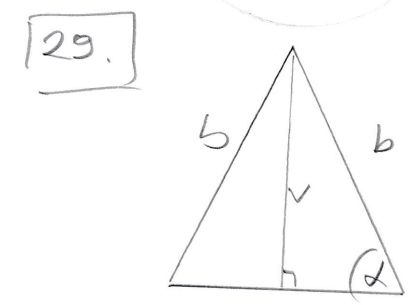
$(y+10)y = 7544$
 $y^2 + 10y - 7544 = 0 \Rightarrow y = 82, x = 92$



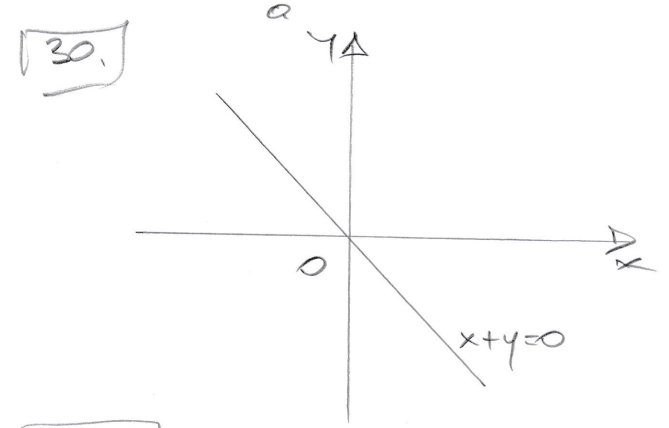
$v^2 = 9 \cdot 16$
 $v = 12$



$r = 4, P = 7$
 $P = \frac{r^2 \alpha}{360^\circ}, l = \frac{r \alpha}{180^\circ}, P = \frac{r \cdot l}{2}$
 $7 = \frac{4 \cdot l}{2} \Rightarrow l = \frac{7}{2}$



$\alpha = 54^\circ, a = 3$
 $\cos \alpha = \frac{\frac{a}{2}}{b} \Rightarrow b = \frac{a}{2 \cos \alpha} \Rightarrow b = 2.55$



31.1. $+ (0, -2), (2, -1)$

$f(x) = a(x - x_0)^2 + y_0$
 $f(x) = ax^2 - 2$
 $-1 = a \cdot 2^2 - 2$
 $4a = 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{4}$
 $\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - 2$

31.2.

$S_f = [-2, +\infty)$

32.1. $N = 20 + 100 \cdot 0.50 \Rightarrow N = 70$

32.2. $5 = x \cdot 0.5 \Rightarrow x = 10 \Rightarrow N = 100 + 10 = 110$

33.1. $P = 393, a = 26, b = 35$

$P = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \gamma$

$\sin \gamma = \frac{2P}{ab} \Rightarrow \gamma = 59^\circ 44' 19''$

33.2. $V = \frac{1}{3} Bh = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 393 \cdot 11 \Rightarrow V = 1441$

34.1. $B - A = 3.2 \cdot 10^{26} - 6.4 \cdot 10^{25} = 3.2 \cdot 10^{25} (10 - 2) = 25.6 \cdot 10^{25} = 2.56 \cdot 10^{26}$

34.2. $B = \sqrt{AC} \Rightarrow C = \frac{B^2}{A} = \frac{(3.2 \cdot 10^{26})^2}{6.4 \cdot 10^{25}} = 1.6 \cdot 10^{27}$

35.1. Panonska Hrvatska

35.2. $100 - 51.8 - 45.6 = 2.6$

$2.6 \% \text{ od } 3306000 = 85956$